Ch. 2 Section 2 Notes: Cultures Meet in TX

1. European Exploration

   * Captain ___ led an early Spanish expedition into northern part of New Spain; the expedition took place in ___ (year)

   a. The Mapping of the ___

   * Pineda tried to establish the ___ Spanish mainland settlement in ___
   * Pineda's voyage gave the Spanish their first reliable information about the ___

b. Spanish Exploration Around the ___

   * Pánfilo de ___ asked the Spanish King for permission to explore the lands ___ of Mexico; it was granted;
   * the expedition was a disaster

C. Narváez Reaches ___

   * the expedition landed on an island near ___
   * they called the island ___ meaning misfortune

2. Cabeza de Vaca Comes to Texas

   * Cabeza was one of the first Europeans to extensively explore the land that became ___
   * they met Natives, possibly ___ or ___
For a while, Cabeza was forced to work as a ___. He became well known as a ___. Cabeza decided to try to travel ___ towards ___ along the way he met an enslaved African named ___.

a. Travels Through ___

___ he lived as a ___ among the Caluhtecans___
___ he gained a reputation as a powerful__,
___ or medicine man___
___ Cabeza once performed ___ on a Native ___
___ they finally reached a Spanish outpost in ___

b. Cabeza de Vaca's Writings

___ he wrote about many things including the ___
___ a land of great wealth___

3. Three Explorers Search for ___

a. Marcos de Niza's ___

___ the Spanish King denied Cabeza's request to return in search of ___
___ was ordered to go on Niza's expedition ___
___ Niza was a ___
b. Estevanico Announces a

- Estevanico reported that he had found the ______ (Cibola) & urged Marcos de ______ to hurry.
- Natives ______ Estevanico as he tried to enter the pueblo.
- Niza turned around because he did not want to suffer the same fate as Estevanico.
- he claimed he had seen ______

c. Coronado Seeks ______

- in ______, the explorer Francisco Vásquez de ______ set out to conquer ______.
- Coronado ______ the pueblo.
- he left disappointed b/c there was no ______, silver, or ______.

d. Coronado's Travels in ______

- Coronado did not want to leave empty handed.
- he found no treasure, but met an Indian named ______.
- El Turco told Coronado about ______, a great wealthy empire.
- they searched for months.
- when they finally found ______, there was no treasure.
- ______ ordered his men to kill ______.
- Coronado returned to ______ in 1542.
- he reported that the land to the north offered little that the Spanish could use ______.
4. Spanish Exploration

a. Hernando de ____________

- the goal of the mission was to find ______ in North America
- they started in Florida & headed ______ west
- in 1542 when they crossed the ______ River de ______ died
- Luis de ______ Alvarado took over the expedition
- the ______ attacked the expedition
- the Spaniards won the battles

6. Caddo Indians After

- the Caddo were the most ______ Indian tribe in the region
- they constantly resisted Spanish colonization in their lands

C. Spain Pulls Back from Texas

- the Spanish got lots of ______ from Texas, but
  - no ______, or ______
- Juan de ______ led an expedition which led to settlements that served as the basis for trade
  - with the Jimeno Indians of ______
- in 1680 the ______ rose in revolt & drove the Spanish from present-day New Mexico
- this event, as well as news that the ______ had established a fort in TX, would lead to renewed Spanish efforts to hold & control the north